## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

1. (Currently Amended) A Soller slit device for collimating high energy X-rays comprising:

a plurality of substantially parallel <u>planar</u> blades that are <u>stacked and</u> spaced apart from one another to form <u>a Soller slit having</u> passages for the transmission of X-rays, said blades being constructed from glass sheets each having a thickness less than 250 µm and whose surfaces have a non-reflective treatment to absorb divergent X-rays that are not substantially parallel to said blades.

Claim 2-4. (Canceled).

- 5. (Original) The Soller slit device of claim 1 wherein said device transmits at least 60% of incident high-energy radiation.
- 6. (Original) The Soller slit device of claim 5, wherein the transmission efficiency is in the range of 60-80%.
- 7. (Original) The Soller slit device of claim 1, wherein the length of each blade in the direction of transmission is greater than 5 cm.

- 8. (Original) The Soller slit device of claim 7, wherein the blade length is at least 12 cm.
- 9. (Original) The Soller slit device of claim 8, wherein the blade length is in the range of 12-15 cm.
- 10. (Original) The Soller slit device of claim 1, wherein the thickness of each blade is no greater than 70  $\mu m$ .
- 11. (Original) The Soller slit device of claim 10, wherein the thickness of each blade is approximately 50  $\mu m$ .

Claim 12. (Canceled).

- 13. (Previously Presented) The Soller slit device of claim 1, wherein the surface of each of the blades has a coating that is non-reflective to X-rays.
- 14. (Previously Presented) The Soller slit device of claim 13, wherein the blades each have a coating of barium sulfate.
- 15. (Previously Presented) The Soller slit device of claim 1, wherein the surface of each of the blades is etched to prevent reflection.

16. (Currently Amended) A system for performing high energy radiation diffractometry, comprising:

a high energy X-ray source;

a high energy radiation collimating device comprising a plurality of substantially parallel plates planar blades that are stacked and spaced apart from one another to form passages for the transmission of X-rays, said blades being constructed from glass sheets each having a thickness less than 250 µm and whose surfaces have a non-reflective treatment to absorb divergent X-rays from said source that are not substantially parallel to said blades; and

a device for collecting X-ray radiation after the X-ray radiation impinges on a sample to be examined.

Claims 17-18. (Canceled).

19. (Currently Amended) The diffractometry system of claim 16, wherein the high energy radiation collimating device comprises forms a Soller slit device.

Claims 20-22. (Canceled)

- 23. (Previously Presented) The diffractometry system of claim 16, wherein the length of each blade in the direction of transmission is greater than 5 cm.
- 24. (Previously Presented) The diffractometry system of claim 23, wherein the blade length is at least 12 cm.

- 25. (Previously Presented) The diffractometry system of claim 24, the blade length is in the range of 12-15 cm.
- 26. (Previously Presented) The diffractometry system of claim 16, wherein the thickness of each blade is no greater than 70µm.
- 27. (Previously Presented) The diffractometry system of claim 26, wherein the thickness of each blade is approximately 50  $\mu$ m.
- 28. (Previously Presented) The diffractometry system of claim 16, wherein the surface of each of the blades has a coating that is non-reflective to X-rays.
- 29. (Previously Presented) The diffractometry system of claim 28, wherein the blades each have a coating of barium sulfate.
- 30. (Previously Presented) The diffractometry system of claim 16, wherein the surface of each of the blades is etched to prevent reflection.